

First Aid and Medicines in School Policy

| Date | September 2025 |
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| Date for review | September 2026 |

Our Theologically Rooted Christian Vision

Courage to Flourish in the Love of God

'I have come that [you] may have life, and have it to the full' (John 10:10)

[Therefore],

'Be strong and courageous... the Lord your God will be with you wherever you go.' (Joshua 1:9)

These biblical texts underpin our vision summary, 'Courage to flourish in the love of God'. Jesus' words from the New Testament describe his desire for everyone to be a full and flourishing version of their created selves, experiencing life in all its vibrant fullness, individually and in community. Our ambition is for everyone to encounter this fullness through the life and work of the school, whatever their background, beliefs or circumstances. God's words to Joshua from the Old Testament illustrate how life, and learning, can be challenging, bringing setbacks and discouragement. These words inspire us to keep on going in those circumstances, confident that God watches over us and walks beside us.

The joining of these biblical texts is meaningful for the particular circumstances of our school community. It gives coherence to our aspirational vision that will grow courage and resilience as enablers of 'life in all its fullness' for everyone. To support our vision, we have seven overarching Christian values.

Our Core Christian Values

| <u>Value</u> | Biblical texts that underpin our values |
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| COURAGE | Philippians 4:13 'I can do all things through him who strengthens me.' |
| HOPE | John 1:5 'The light shines in the darkness, and the darkness has not overcome it.' |

| LOVE | 1 Corinthians 13:4-8 |
|--------------|--|
| | 'Love is patient and kind it does not rejoice |
| | at wrongdoing but rejoices with the |
| | truth.' |
| | 1 John 1:9 |
| | 'If we confess our sins, he is faithful and just |
| | and will forgive us' |
| | _ |
| TRUST | Proverbs 3:5-6 |
| | 'Trust in the Lord with all your heart and lean |
| | not on your own understanding; in all your |
| | ways submit to him, and he will make your |
| | paths straight.' |
| COWMUNIT | Halana a 40 24 |
| | Hebrews 10:24 |
| | 'Let us be concerned for one another, to help |
| | one another to show love and to do good.' |
| | |
| THANKFULNES. | 1 Thessalonians 5:18 |
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| | 'Be thankful in all circumstances, for this is |
| | God's will for you' |
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First Aid Information

The school is committed to providing sufficient provision for first aid to deal with injuries that arise at work or because of school activities.

To achieve this objective the school will:

- Appoint and train a suitable number of first aid personnel.
- Display first aid notices with details of first aid provision.
- Provide and maintain suitable and sufficient first aid facilities including first aid boxes.
- Provide any additional first aid training that may be required to deal with specific first aid hazards

First Aiders

A First Aider is a person who has a valid certificate in paediatric first aid, first aid at work or emergency first aid at work training.

| The First Aiders are: (Paediatric) | Melissa Davies Wendy Steele Patricia Walsh Wendy Burke Tina Wiggin Lorna Chatfield Stephanie Kemp Lynda Titley Rebecca Evans Kelly Thompson Rajan Bhatti Sally-Ann Roberts Katie Humphries Amy Sturdy Tia Hayden Scarlett Slattery |
|---|--|
| First Aid at Work | Sarah Hook Graham Jones |
| First Aid Boxes can be found at: | Both halls Classrooms Outside main office The Hub Site Manager's Office Kitchen Spare Epi-pens and inhalers – in main first aid cupboard. Antihistamines – in main first aid cupboard. |
| Allergy Response Kit: | Kept with child |
| Defibrillator: | Main office |
| The Accident Book is located: | Electronic – recorded on Evolve |
| The person responsible for RIDDOR notifications is: | Sally-Ann Roberts |

First aid provision will be always available whilst people are present on school premises including out of hours' activities. The assessment of need will be reviewed at least annually.

First Aid Kits and Boxes

- All inhalers will be stored in the class first aid box in a wallet with the original
 medicine form and a log form to show when the child is given the inhaler. All
 inhalers must have a prescription label visible. If it does not, the parent
 should be asked to get one as soon as possible and a label with the child's
 name should be put on to the inhaler.
- The class first aid box should be taken out onto the playground at playtime and lunchtime as well as after school activities and PE
- Epi-pens are stored in the bum bags and kept on the first aid hook in each classroom and these need to go out at break/lunchtimes too or if the class is working elsewhere within the school.
- First aid kits, clearly marked, will be provided in readily accessible locations, and be made known to all staff and pupils.
- First aid kits will contain enough suitable first aid materials and nothing else.
- First aid does not include the administration of medicines and thus first aid boxes should NOT contain drugs of any kind including aspirin, paracetamol, antiseptic creams etc.
- All first aid kits will be checked regularly and maintained by the teaching
 assistants; items should not be used after expiry date shown on packaging.
 Extra stock will be kept in the school (classroom first aid boxes by TA in the
 classroom and other boxes by VC).
- Suitable protective clothing and equipment such as disposable gloves (e.g. vinyl or powder free, low protein latex CE marked) will be kept in the first aid box and aprons will be available from the main first aid cupboard.
- Additional travel first aid kits will be provided for offsite visits.
- During all off-site visits, it is the responsibility of the person in charge of the visit to ensure that first aid equipment is taken.
- Any children in Year 5 and 6 will take responsibility for their own inhalers on trips.
- When children are younger, ot is the responsibility of their group leader.
- If a child requires emergency medication (e.g. epi-pens/antihistamines) these must also be taken with the class when they leave site.
- Blunt-ended stainless-steel scissors (minimum length 12.7 cm) will be kept
 where there is a possibility that clothing might have to be cut away. These
 should be kept along with items of protective clothing and equipment. These
 will be in the main first aid cupboard.
- Small quantities of contaminated waste (soiled or used first aid dressings) can be safely disposed of in the bio hazard sick bags. Waste to be double bagged in plastic and sealed by knotting.

First Aid Records

The school ensures that the following records are available:

- Certification of training for all first aiders and refresher periods.
- Any specialised instruction received by first-aiders or staff (e.g., Epi-pens);
- First aid cases treated (see accident / incident reporting).
- For more serious injuries or if an ambulance has to be called information is recorded on Evolve and reported to RIDDOR.
- This is a legal document and needs to be kept until the child entered reaches the age of 25 years old.
- Every entry needs to be accurate, e.g., the spelling of child's name, class, name of person who has administered First aid.
- Accidents involving staff should be recorded on Evolve.
- Details of injury should be recorded as accurately as possible, e.g. details of what finger cut, grazed, bruised etc.
- Any medical intervention must be recorded accurately.

*As stated in the BDMAT Health and Safety Policy, Evolve Accident book will be used to log all incidents that require first aid to be administered. A notification will then be sent home to the parent/guardian.

Guidelines on Responding to Injuries

Minor injuries

The following injuries are considered minor and capable of being dealt with by a first aider in school: grazes, small scratches, bumps, minor bruising, minor scalding, or burns resulting in slight redness to the skin.

Injuries requiring medical attention:

- deep cut
- long cuts. Long cuts are approximately 1 inch when on the hand or foot and 2 inches when elsewhere on the body
- the cut is jagged
- the injury involved a pet, especially a cat
- the injury involved a wild animal
- the injury is due to a bite, either human or animal
- the wound has debris stuck in it after cleansing
- the wound is bleeding heavily
- the wound will not stop bleeding after applying direct pressure for 10 minutes
- the injury is a puncture wound

Head injuries

Injuries to the head need to be treated with particular care. Any evidence of following symptoms may indicate serious injury and an ambulance must be called.

- unconsciousness, or lack of full consciousness (i.e., difficulty keeping eyes open);
- confusion
- strange or unusual behaviour such as sudden aggression

- any problems with memory.
- persistent headache.
- disorientation, double vision, slurred speech, or another malfunction of the senses.
- nausea and vomiting.
- unequal pupil size.
- pale yellow fluid or watery blood coming from ears or nose.
- bleeding from scalp that cannot quickly be stopped.
- · loss of balance.
- loss of feeling in any part of body.
- · general weakness.
- seizure or fit

Hospital Admission

- Where a pupil is required to attend hospital using an ambulance it is not necessary to accompany a pupil to hospital. If parents are unable to attend hospital promptly, a member of staff should go to the hospital. In the exceptional circumstance of parental permission being required, the Head Teacher can act in loco parentis.
- If a child is taken directly to hospital, they will be accompanied by a member of staff who will stay with the pupil until discharged or until a handover can be made to a parent or guardian.
- The member of staff at the hospital must update the Head teacher on the condition of the injured pupil as and when information is made available
- The parent/guardian of a pupil attending hospital must be advised at the earliest opportunity.
- Support for the injured pupil and their parents will be provided as determined by the individual circumstances of the incident.

Blood and Body Fluid Spillages

- It is important that spillages of blood, faeces, vomit or other body fluids are dealt with immediately as they pose a risk of transmission of infection and disease, e.g. Blood borne viruses and diarrhoeal and vomiting illnesses, such as norovirus.
- A spillage kit is available in school to deal with blood and body fluid spillages.
- The kit is located: in the Dining Hall
- The person responsible for checking and replenishing the kit regularly is the First Aid Co-ordinator (VC).
- Body fluid spillages should be dealt with as soon as possible with ventilation
 of the area. Anyone not involved with the cleaning of the spillage should be
 kept away from the area and protective clothing should be worn when
 dealing with the spillage such as gloves and aprons.

Spillage Procedure

Cordon off the area where the spillage has occurred.

- Cuts and abrasions on any areas of the skin should be covered with a waterproof dressing.
- Use personal protective equipment and clothing to protect body and clothes: disposable gloves and apron must be worn.

Hard surfaces e.g. floor tiles, impervious table tops.

Small spills or splashes of blood: Clean with neutral detergent and hot water. Large spills:

- Remove spillage as much as possible using absorbent paper towels
- Flush these down toilet or dispose of carefully in waste bag
- Cover remaining with paper towels soaked in diluted bleach solution (1:10 dilution with cold water)
- Leave for up to 30 minutes, and then clear away

Soft surfaces and fabrics e.g. carpets and chairs

- Remove the spillage as far as possible using absorbent paper towels
- Then clean with a fresh solution of neutral detergent and water
- Carpets and upholstery can then be cleaned using cleaner of choice
- Steam cleaning may be considered
- Contaminated gloves, aprons, paper towels, etc should be carefully disposed of into a biohazard sick bag, securely tied and placed immediately into the normal external school waste container.
- Large quantities of contaminated waste should be disposed of in consultation with the local waste authority.
- Wash hands after procedure.
- As with other all hazardous substances used in school, bleach and disinfectants should be stored, handled, and used in accordance with COSHH (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health, 2002) Regulations and the manufacturer's instructions. Product data sheets and safe use instructions should be accessible, along with risk assessments and details of actions required in the event of accidental ingestion, inhalation or contact with skin or eyes.
- All chemicals must be stored in their original containers, in a cool, dry, well ventilated place that is inaccessible to children, visitors and the public.
- Appropriate protective clothing (e.g. gloves and aprons) should be worn when handling bleach and other chemical disinfectants. Contact with skin, eyes and mouth should be avoided
- Proper administration of first aid by a trained first aider should be seen as
 paramount in safeguarding children. The procedures outlined below give advice
 and consistency to our administration of first aid and should be read as a
 minimum level of administration.

If in doubt, ask for further advice, or arrange for (9) 999 to be called. An adult should stay with the patient during this time.

Spare Supplies

• If any supplies are taken, staff must inform Melissa Saeed. This ensures that new supplies are ordered on time.

Ice Packs

- If an ice pack is used on a swelling, then the child injured needs constant supervision.
- Ice packs are stored in the fridge located in the staffroom, in the Hub, in Reception classrooms and in the Nursery classroom.
- If an icepack is given then the parents need to be informed with a bump note.

Children with Injuries •

If a child is in school with an injury, e.g., broken arm, a member of SLT will complete a risk assessment with the child and parent/carer to ensure that adjustments are • made to keep the child safe. This risk assessment will be shared with all staff who have contact with the child.

First aid administered to staff and visitors

- Should an adult require first aid, in the case of a minor injury, this can be selfadministered.
- In the case of a more serious injury, advice should be sought from a trained first aider who can administer the first aid.
- A decision will then be made by the Headteacher, or in the case of their absence, by the Deputy or Assistant Headteacher, in conjunction with the staff member and the first aider, as to their fitness to continue to work. This may lead to a temporary covering of their duties to allow them time to recover, or to their releasing from duties for a period.
- In all cases, a record of the injury and how it was sustained will be made and any actions required under Health and Safety at work 1974 will be carried out.
- Advice will be taken from BDMAT as to whether a RIDDOR notification would need to be made.
- In the case of a serious medical emergency, a trained first aider would administer any treatment that is within their training and the emergency services would be called (as in procedure outlined above)

Mental Health First Aid

The school recognises the importance of mental health and emotional wellbeing. While not all staff are trained Mental Health First Aiders, staff are encouraged to be aware of signs of mental distress and to signpost pupils and colleagues to appropriate support. Where available, Mental Health First Aid training will be offered to staff. Pupils will be supported through pastoral care and external referrals where necessary.

Inclusion and Accessibility

First aid procedures are designed to be inclusive and accessible to all pupils, including those with disabilities or communication needs. Staff are trained to adapt their approach to ensure all children receive appropriate care and support.

Kitchen

- The kitchen has a first aid folder where they are able to log any minor injuries that occur during working hours e.g. burns. If they have a serious injury that may result in medical attention needed or time off work, they must inform the school office immediately and appropriate action will be taken.
- The kitchen has a purple first aid ring binder that has photos of all children in school who have an allergy or special dietary requirement and allows staff to quickly identify children when they come in for lunch to be mindful of what they are served and limit the risk of error.
- Children who have a severe food allergy that requires a care plan wear a purple wristband during lunchtime as another identifier to ensure their safety.
- This is updated by VC yearly or when a change happens.

Educational Visits

- There must be a First Aider on every trip and a complete first aid kit.
- Parents need to advise the school if additional medication is needed for the trip, e.g., travel sickness

Sending a child home

 Always follow school procedures when sending a child home and check with the Main First Aider, Headteacher or a senior member of the leadership team (in the Headteacher's absence) in the first instance.

Medication Administration Procedures

 Prescribed medication will only be administered by designated staff with written parental consent. All medication must be clearly labelled with the child's name and dosage instructions. Controlled drugs will be stored securely and administered in accordance with statutory guidance. A record of all medication administered will be maintained and reviewed regularly.

Digital Record Keeping via Evolve

Evolve is used to log all incidents requiring first aid. Access is restricted to
designated staff to ensure confidentiality. Parents are notified of incidents via
standard communication channels. Records are retained in accordance with
statutory requirements and reviewed periodically for safeguarding and health
and safety compliance.

Internal Audits of First Aid Kits

First aid kits will be subject to internal audits at least once per term. The First
Aid Co-ordinator will ensure that kits are fully stocked, in-date, and compliant
with school policy. A checklist will be maintained to track inspections and
replenishments.

Training and Competency Tracking

 A training log will be maintained listing all qualified first aiders and their certification expiry dates. Staff will be reminded in advance of renewal deadlines. Online refresher courses may be used where appropriate to maintain competency.

Annual Medical Needs Training

• St Michael's CE Primary School have named first aiders who have their training renewed every 3 years. In EYFS we have staff that are paediatric first aid training. These are also renewed when required. This is done in order for staff to feel confident in their ability to support a child with medical needs.

Monitoring

• This policy will be reviewed by the SLT annually and reviews shared with the Local Academy Board.

Related policies

- Child Protection and Safeguarding
- Health and Safety
- BDMAT supporting pupils with medical conditions policy
- BDMAT Policy for children with health needs who cannot attend school